# ESP

## BULLETIN

SUMMER 1997, VOL. IX, ISSUE 3

#### FIRE SUPPRESSION

In addition to the damage caused directly by strong ground shaking, earthquakes can pose other threats to your community.

One of the most common threats resulting from earthquakes is fire. Strong earthquakes can increase the fire risk by:

- ☐ Rupturing gas lines;
- ☐ Downing power lines;
- ☐ Damaging electrical wiring in appliances; and
- ☐ Toppling shelves holding combustible chemicals.

Earthquake-related fires also can be caused by:

- ☐ Leaving food unattended while on the stove;
- ☐ Lighting or using matches before checking for gas leaks;
- ☐ Using fireplaces before they've been inspected for damage; and
- ☐ Using candles, which can fall as the result of aftershocks.

Neighborhoods can reduce the potential and actual fire threat by reducing or eliminating hazards before the next earthquake and by forming a fire suppression branch as part of its neighborhood response team.



Can't Do it Alone! 1997

Monthly Preparedness Items and Actions

January

Understand the Threat

February

Meet with Your Neighbors

March

**Inventory Community Resources** 

**April** 

Develop Response Teams

May

Get Trained

June

**Update Emergency Supplies** 

July

Reduce Neighborhood Hazards

August

Learn Search and Rescue

September

Review First Aid Skills

October

Assess the Damage

November

Plan for Emergency Housing

December

Plan Your Drill

Published by the Governor's Office of Emergency Services

### ORGANIZE THE FIRE BRANCH

If your neighborhood response team hasn't yet established a fire suppression branch as part of its operations section, it should do so now. The fire suppression branch should include a coordinator and several teams to assess the fire threat and put out small fires after an earthquake or another disaster.

At a minimum, members of the fire suppression branch should know basic fire safety, the types of fires they might encounter, the proper ways to put out each type of fire and how to use a fire extinguisher.

#### **ELIMINATE HAZARDS**

Before the next earthquake or other disaster, the fire suppression branch should work with the hazard reduction branch (discussed in the July 1997 ESP Focus sheet) to identify, reduce and eliminate potential fire hazards. Such hazards include:

- □ Water heaters and other gas appliances that are not properly secured or do not have flexible connections;
- ☐ Flammable liquids;
- ☐ Flammable vegetation;
- □ Trash:
- ☐ Tree branches near power lines.

After identifying and working to reduce fire hazards in the neighborhood, the fire suppression branch should try to:

<ul> <li>Ensure that each home has a multi-purpose dry chemical fire extinguisher (ABC type);</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Determine the nature of the fire, whether it is manageable and putting it out is within their capabilities;</li> <li>Call neighbors for assistance and attempt to put out the fire if it is small and within their capabilities;</li> </ul>	COUNTY CONTACTS Imperial County Robert Carter County Office of Emergency Services (619) 355-1164 Inyo County Paul Morrison Disaster Services (619) 878-0272
☐ Train residents how to use the fire extinguisher;		
☐ Encourage neighbors to install smoke detectors and change batteries regularly;		
☐ Help neighbors develop a family plan, including:	<ul> <li>Evacuate the building and close all doors if the fire is too large or the result of leak- ing gas;</li> </ul>	Kern County Charles H. Conner County Office of Emergency Services (805) 861-2491
☐ An escape route;		
☐ Plans to reunite.	Try to call 9-1-1 from a public phone or send a runner to the nearest fire station if the fire is too big;	Los Angeles County Joyce Harris County Chief Administrative Office Office of Emergency Management (213) 974-1302
☐ Compile an emergency supplies kit;		
<ul> <li>Encourage neighbors to identify reliable water sources;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn off the gas and electrical supplies to the building and surrounding buildings, if possible.</li> </ul>	Mono County Paula Winn County Sheriff's Department (619) 932-5279
☐ Teach residents where utility shut-offs are located and		
how to turn them off;	possible.	Orange County Dawna Finley
<ul> <li>Remind neighbors not to light matches or candles.</li> </ul>	Never enter a burning building to save property or pets.	Orange County Emergency Management Organization (OCEMO) (714) 724-7148
RESPONDING TO THE		Linda Bomberg County Sheriff's Emergency Mgmt.Div. (714) 834-7218
After an earthquake or another disaster, members of the fire sup-		Riverside County Carmen Nieves City of Riverside
pression branch should:		(909) 782-5550
☐ Ensure the safety of their families and homes;		San Bernardino County Jana Ellis City of Rancho Cucamonga
☐ Report to the neighborhood command post or other designated site for assignments unless otherwise directed;	The ESP Focus and Bulletins are only suggestions for preparing your neighborhood. You need to use discretion and common sense in your relationships with neighbors.	Disaster Preparedness Division (909) 477-2700, Ext. 2605 Lola Hampton County Fire Office of Emergency Serv. (909) 356-3998
☐ Carefully check the neighbor- hood for fires and gas leaks;	Governor's Office of Emergency Services	San Diego County Susan Asturias County Office of Disaster Preparedness (619) 565-3490  San Luis Obispo County Ron Alsop County Office of Emergency Services (805) 781-5011
□ Put out small blazes (see information below);		
☐ Help neighbors turn off gas meters if a leak is detected;		
☐ Remind people not to use	WHAT IS ESP?  ESP is an awareness campaign designed to increase earthquake preparedness. ESP was developed by the County of Los Angeles. The Governor's Office of Emergency Services and representatives from Imperial, Inyo, Kern, Los Angeles,	Santa Barbara County Ed Carey County Fire Office of Emergency Serv. (805) 686-8181
open flames.  FIRE SUPPRESSION  AND SAFETY		
		Ventura County Dale Carnathan
Should members of the fire suppression branch encounter a fire,	Mono, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Ventura counties assist in the	County Sheriff's Department Office of Emergency Services (805) 654-2551

development of campaign materials and in

coordination of the campaign.

Should members of the fire suppression branch encounter a fire, they should: